

CS 649 Big Data: Tools and Methods
Spring Semester, 2022
Doc 9 Dashboards
Feb 8, 2022

Copyright ©, All rights reserved. 2022 SDSU & Roger Whitney, 5500
Campanile Drive, San Diego, CA 92182-7700 USA. OpenContent ([http://
www.opencontent.org/openpub/](http://www.opencontent.org/openpub/)) license defines the copyright on this
document.

Dashboards & Data Web Apps

≡

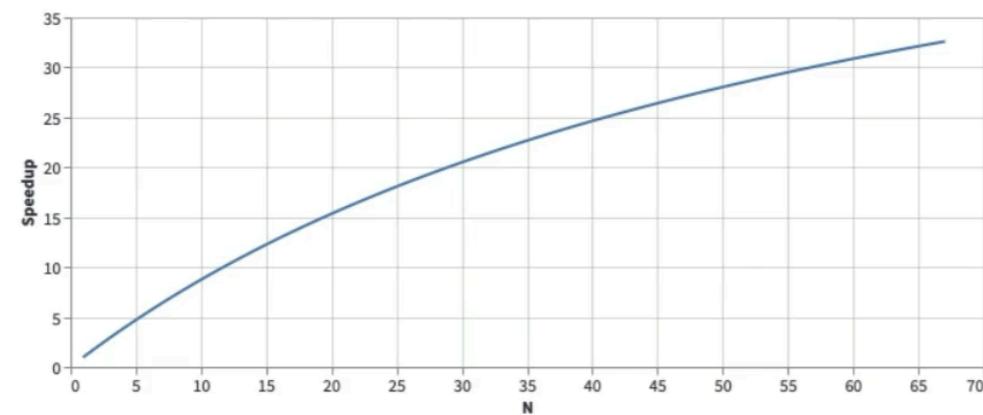
Amdahl's Law

$$s(N) = 1/(1 - p + p/N)$$

Max value of N



Value of p



```
import streamlit as st
```

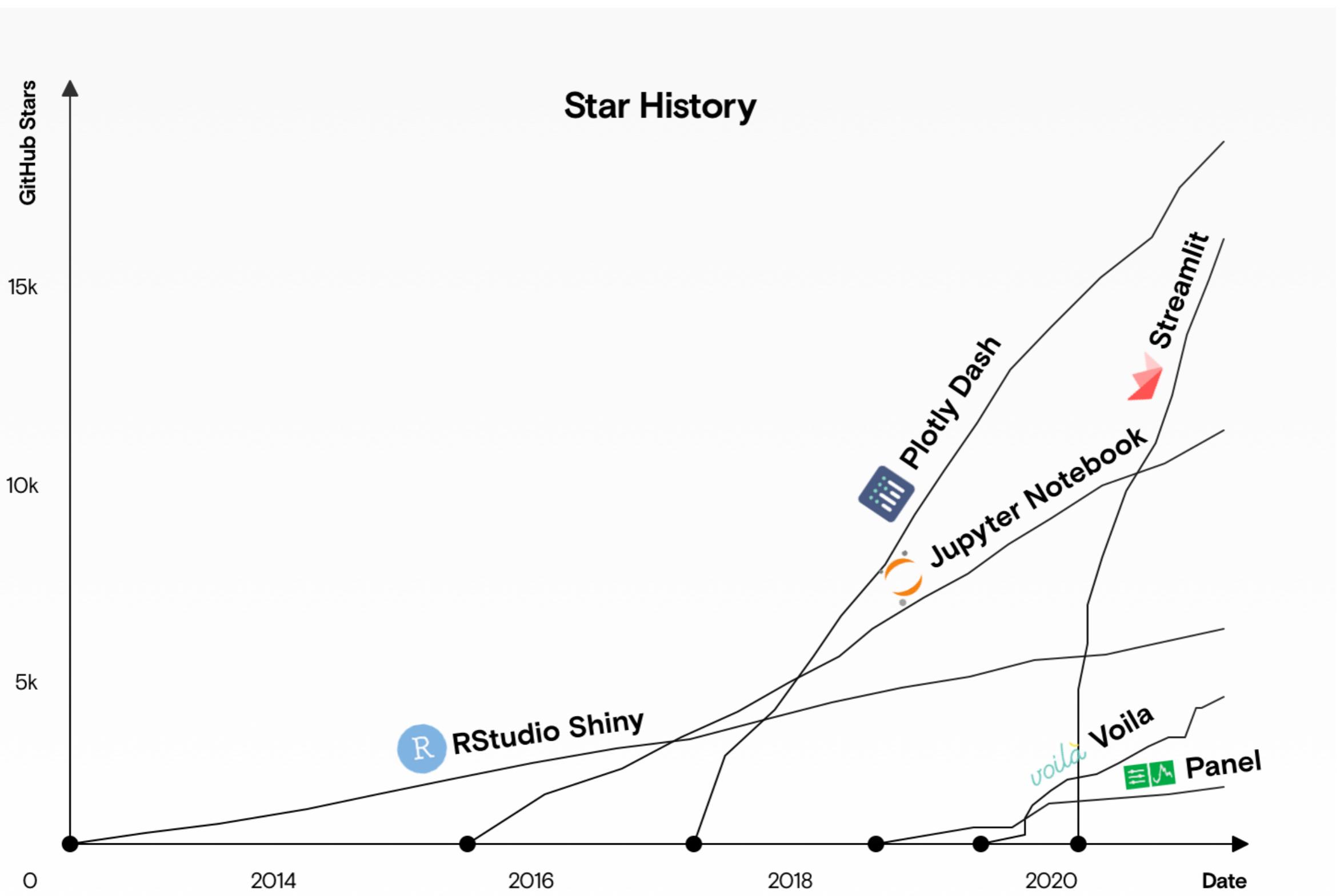
```
import pandas as pd
```

Dashboards

	Maturity	Popularity	Simplicity	Adaptability	Focus	Language support
Streamlit	C	A	A	C	Dashboard	Python
Dash	B	A	B	B	Dashboard	Python, R, Julia
Panel	C	B	B	B	Dashboard	Python
Shiny	A	B	B	B	Dashboard	R
Voila	C	C	A	C	Dashboard	Python, R, Julia
Jupyter	A	A	B	B	Notebook	Python, R, Julia
Flask	A	A	B	A	Web framework	Python

A good overview at:

<https://www.datavenue.com/en-blog/data-dashboarding-streamlit-vs-dash-vs-shiny-vs-voila>



Streamlit Demo Source

```
import streamlit as st
import pandas as pd

st.title("Amdahl's Law")
st.write("s(N) = 1/(1 - p + p/N)")

def speed_up(N,p):
    return 1/(1 - p + p/N)

max_N = st.slider("Max value of N", min_value=1, max_value=100, step=1, value=5)
p = st.slider("Value of p", min_value=.5, max_value=1.0, step=0.001, value=0.8)

N_series = pd.Series(range(1,max_N), index=range(1,max_N))

st.line_chart(speed_up(N_series, p))
```

Streamlit

<https://streamlit.io>

Simple to create web apps to display, visualize data

Host on

AWS

Heroku

Azure

Google Cloud Platform

Digital Ocean

App

Windows

MacOS

Android

Installing & Developing

<https://docs.streamlit.io/library/get-started/installation>

Create python program in .py file:

Say example.py

Run using:

streamline run example.py

Opens web app in browser

Changes to example.py are reflected in the browser

Data Flow

When screen needs to updated

Entire program is rerun

Can cache computations to avoid rerunning them

```
import streamlit as st
```

```
@st.cache #👉 This function will be cached
def my_slow_function(arg1, arg2):
    # Do something really slow in here!
    return the_output
```

Displaying Data - magic

```
import streamlit as st  
import pandas as pd  
df = pd.DataFrame({  
    'first column': [1, 2, 3, 4],  
    'second column': [10, 20 30 40]  
})
```

df

	first column	second column
0	1	10
1	2	20
2	3	30
3	4	40

Displaying Data - st.write

```
import streamlit as st  
import pandas as pd  
  
st.write("Here's our first attempt at using data to create a table:")  
st.write(pd.DataFrame({  
    'first column': [1, 2, 3, 4],  
    'second column': [10, 20, 30, 40]  
}))
```

Here's our first attempt at using data to create a table:

	first column	second column
3	4	40
2	3	30
1	2	20
0	1	10

Highlight

```
import streamlit as st  
import pandas as pd  
  
data = pd.DataFrame({  
    'first column': [1, 2, 4, 3],  
    'second column': [10, 20, 30, 40]  
})
```

```
st.dataframe(data.style.highlight_max(axis=0))
```

	first column	second column
0	1	10
1	2	20
2	4	30
3	3	40

Line Chart

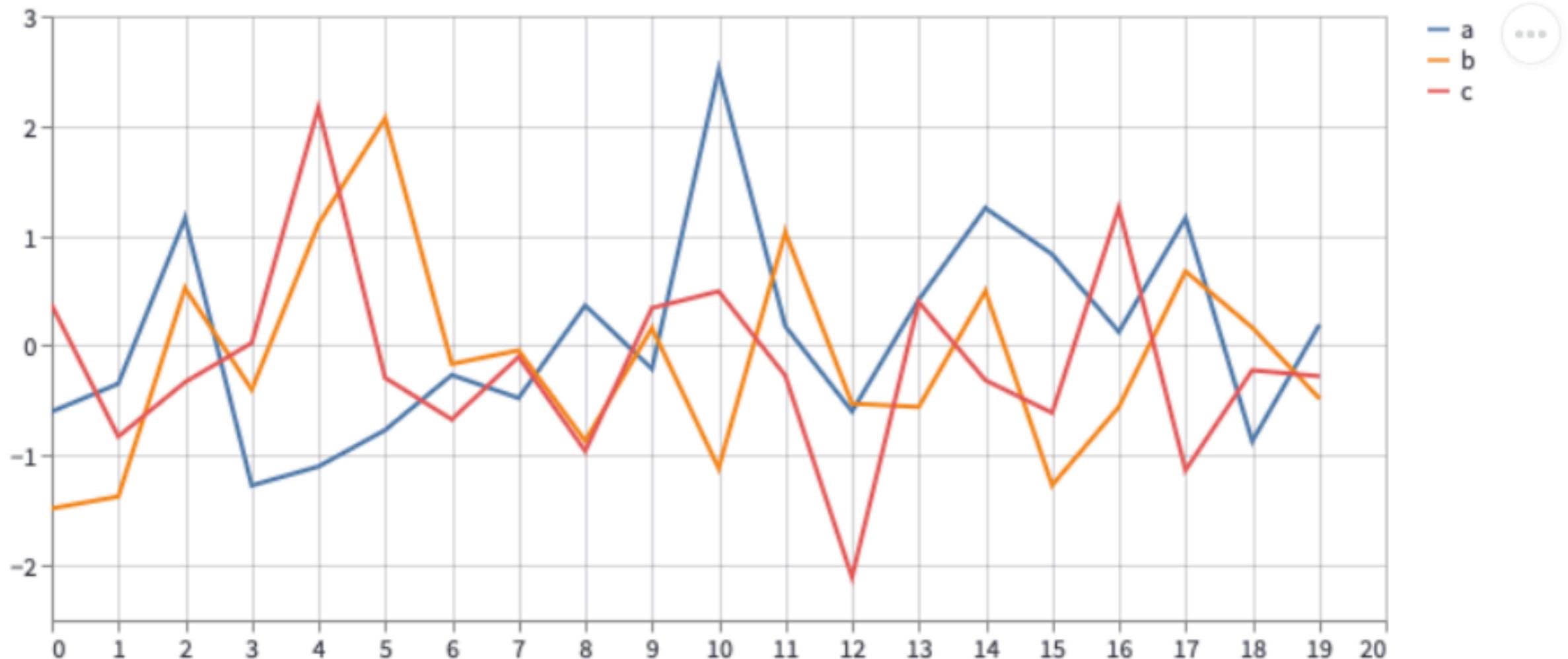
```
import streamlit as st
```

```
import numpy as np
```

```
import pandas as pd
```

```
chart_data = pd.DataFrame(  
    np.random.randn(20, 3),  
    columns=['a', 'b', 'c'])
```

```
st.line_chart(chart_data)
```



Maps

```
import streamlit as st  
import numpy as np  
import pandas as pd
```

```
map_data = pd.DataFrame(  
    np.random.randn(1000, 2) / [50, 50] + [37.76, -122.4],  
    columns=['lat', 'lon'])
```

```
st.map(map_data)
```



Side Pane

```
import streamlit as st
```

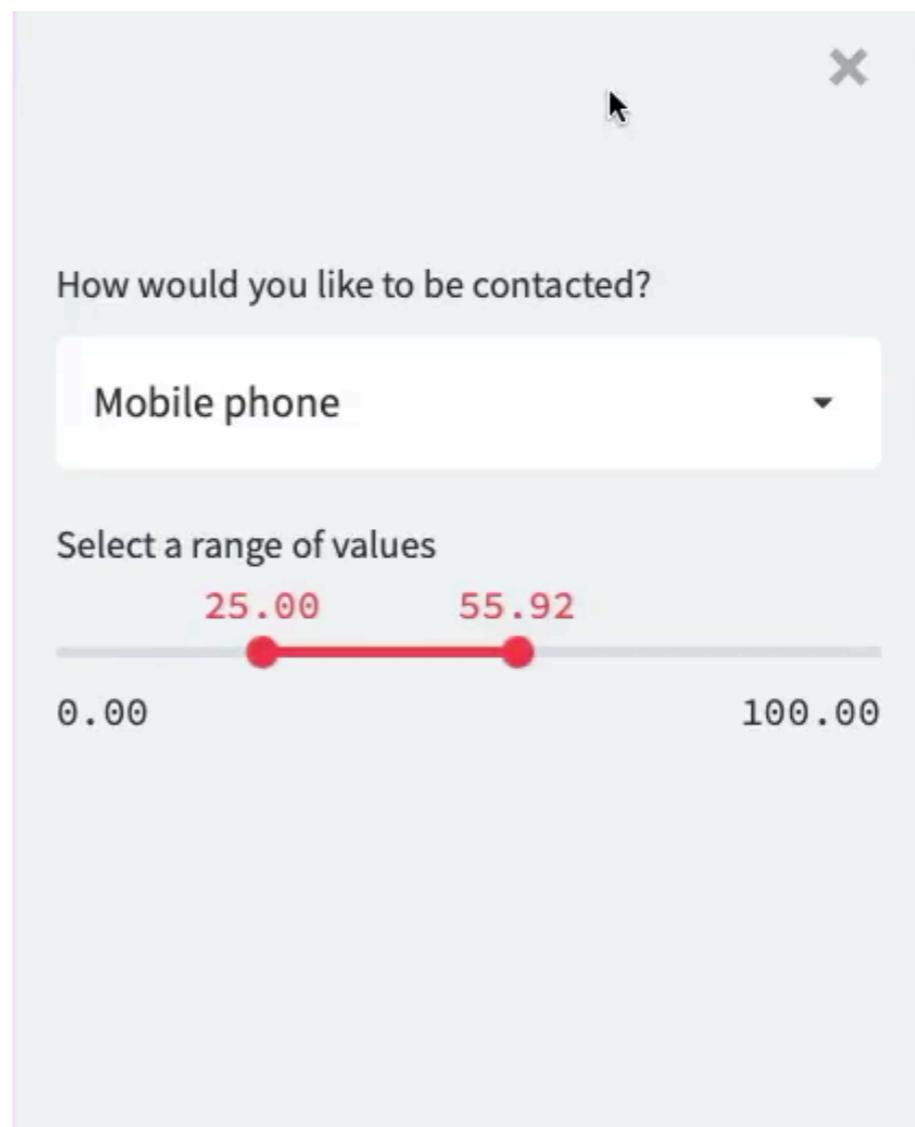
```
# Add a selectbox to the sidebar:
```

```
add_selectbox = st.sidebar.selectbox(  
    'How would you like to be contacted?',  
    ('Email', 'Home phone', 'Mobile phone')  
)
```

```
# Add a slider to the sidebar:
```

```
add_slider = st.sidebar.slider(  
    'Select a range of values',  
    0.0, 100.0, (25.0, 75.0)  
)
```

```
st.write("Main Pane")
```



Main Pane

Check Boxes

```
import streamlit as st  
import numpy as np  
import pandas as pd  
  
if st.checkbox('Show dataframe'):  
    chart_data = pd.DataFrame(  
        np.random.randn(20, 3),  
        columns=['a', 'b', 'c'])  
  
chart_data
```

Show dataframe

Some Widgets

st.line_chart	st.button
st.area_chart	st.download_button
st.bar_chart	st.checkbox
st.pyplot	st.radio
st.altair_chart	st.selectbox
st.vega_lite_chart	st.multiselect
st.plotly_chart	st.slider
st.bokeh_chart	st.select_slider
st.pydeck_chart	st.text_input
st.graphviz_chart	st.number_input
st.map	st.text_area
	st.date_input
	st.time_input
	st.file_uploader
	st.camera_input
	st.color_picker

Workflow Issues

When screen needs to updated

Entire program is rerun

This causes runtime problems

Long running functions get repeated

When multiple widgets update the screen

Session state - maintaining state

Example

```
import streamlit as st
```

```
import time
```

```
width = st.slider("Width")
```

```
height = st.slider("Height")
```

```
def compute():
```

```
    # Simulate a long running function
```

```
    with st.spinner('Working on it'):
```

```
        time.sleep(3)
```

```
    return width * height
```

```
st.write("Area = " + str(compute()))
```

Width



Height



Area = 0

Using Forms

```
import streamlit as st  
import time  
  
with st.form("Compute_Values"):  
    width = st.slider("Width")  
    height = st.slider("Height")  
    submitted = st.form_submit_button("Run")  
  
def compute():  
    # Simulate a long running function  
    with st.spinner('Working on it'):  
        time.sleep(3)  
    return width * height  
  
st.write("Area = " + str(compute()))
```



The image shows a Streamlit application interface. It features a light gray rounded rectangle containing two sliders and a button. The top slider is labeled "Width" and has a value of 0 at its left end and 100 at its right end. A red circular slider handle is positioned exactly halfway between the two ends. Below the first slider is a small black "0". The second slider is labeled "Height" and also has a value of 0 at its left end and 100 at its right end. A similar red circular slider handle is positioned halfway. Below the second slider is another small black "0". At the bottom of the interface is a white rectangular button with a thin gray border and the word "Run" centered in black text.

Area = 0

Maintaining State

```
import streamlit as st  
  
st.title('Counter Example')  
count = 0  
  
increment = st.button('Increment')  
if increment:  
    count += 1  
  
st.write('Count = ', count)
```

Count is set to 0 each time button
is pressed

Counter Example

Count = 0

Increment

Using Session State

```
import streamlit as st

st.title('Counter Example')
if 'count' not in st.session_state:
    st.session_state.count = 0

increment = st.button('Increment')
if increment:
    st.session_state.count += 1

st.write('Count = ', st.session_state.count)
```

Counter Example

Increment

Count = 0

Session state is limited to the current tab in the browser
No permanent storage

Callbacks

```
import streamlit as st

st.title('Counter with Callbacks')
if 'count' not in st.session_state:
    st.session_state.count = 0

increment_value = st.number_input('Enter a value', value=0, step=1)

def increment_counter(increment_value):
    st.session_state.count += increment_value

increment = st.button('Increment', on_click=increment_counter,
                     args=(increment_value,))

st.write('Count = ', st.session_state.count)
```

Callback Movie

Counter with Callbacks

Enter a value

0

-

+

Increment

Count = 1