

CS 580 Client-Server Programming
Spring Semester, 2009
Doc 2 Source Control & Testing
Jan 27, 2009

Copyright ©, All rights reserved. 2009 SDSU & Roger Whitney, 5500 Campanile Drive, San Diego, CA 92182-7700 USA. OpenContent (<http://www.opencontent.org/opl.shtml>) license defines the copyright on this document.

Testing & Subversion References

JUnit Cookbook <http://junit.sourceforge.net/doc/cookbook/cookbook.htm>

JUnit Test Infected: Programmers Love Writing Tests <http://junit.sourceforge.net/doc/testinfected/testing.htm>

JUnit Javadoc: <http://www.junit.org/junit/javadoc/3.8/index.htm>, <http://junit.org/junit/javadoc/4.5/>

JUnit FAQ, <http://junit.sourceforge.net/doc/faq/faq.htm>

Brian Marick's Testing Web Site: <http://www.exampler.com/testing-com/>

Testing for Programmers, Brian Marick, Available at: <http://www.exampler.com/testing-com/writings.html>

Main Subversion Website, <http://subversion.tigris.org/>

Version Control with Subversion, Collins-Sussman, Fitzpatrick, Pilato, <http://svnbook.red-bean.com/>

Source Control

Why Use Source Control?

Three Free & Common Source Control Systems

CVS

Concurrent Versions System

Command line interface in Unix

Various interfaces in Window

Subversion

Claims to be a better CVS

Many commands are same as CVS

Git

Created by Linus Torvald

Distributed Version control

Claims to be better model of development than Subversion

Subversion

<http://subversion.tigris.org/>

Runs on:

Mac OS X

Unix

Linux

Windows

GUI interface

Eclipse plugins

Can use locally with no server

Basic Source Control Operations

- Starting a new project
- Adding code to a project
- Modifying existing code
- Retrieving past versions of code
- Handling conflicts in code
- Creating code branches
- Merging code branches

Command Line Subversion

Creating a Repository

```
svnadmin create pathToRepository
```

Example

```
svnadmin create /Users/whitney/test/repository
```

Note this has already been done for you on Bismarck

Starting a New Project

```
svn import existingDirectory urlToRepository
```

Local Repository

```
svn import test file:///Users/whitney/test/repository/assignment1
```

Remote Repository

```
svn import test svn://bismarck.sdsu.edu:8009/09/580/whitney/assignment1
```

Looking at the Repository

Explicit Repository

```
svn ls svn://bismarck.sdsu.edu:8009/09/580/instructor  
assignment1/  
please  
testAssignment/
```

```
svn ls svn://bismarck.sdsu.edu:8009/09/580/instructor/assignment1  
assignment1/  
foo.java
```

Implicit Repository

```
svn ls
```

Need to be in directory of working svn project

Checking out

```
svn co svn://bismarck.sdsu.edu:8009/09/580/whitney/assignment1
```

Warning

After importing files checkout the files
Work on the files you checkout

Adding Files

Create a file called client.java using an editor

```
svn add client.java  
A      client.java
```

```
svn commit -m "added client.java"  
Adding      client.java  
Transmitting file data .  
Committed revision 4.
```

Accessing the log data

```
svn log
```

```
svn -r 4 log
```

```
-----  
r4 | whitney | 2009-01-26 20:43:48 -0800 (Mon, 26 Jan 2009) | 1 line  
  
added client.java  
-----
```

```
svn log svn://bismarck.sdsu.edu:8009/09/580/whitney
```

You get the log for all projects in the repository

```
svn log svn://bismarck.sdsu.edu:8009/09/580/whitney/assignment1
```

You get the log for all files in assignment1

Comparing Files

```
svn diff client.java
```

```
Index: client.java
```

```
=====
```

```
--- client.java (revision 5)
```

```
+++ client.java (working copy)
```

```
@@ -1,2 +1,3 @@
```

```
this is the client
```

```
add a change
```

```
+another change
```

```
svn diff -r 4:5 client.java
```

```
Index: client.java
```

```
=====
```

```
--- client.java (revision 4)
```

```
+++ client.java (revision 5)
```

```
@@ -1 +1,2 @@
```

```
this is the client
```

```
+add a change
```

Local Copy Verse Repository Copy

Why your copy of project files may differ from repository

You make changes to local copy
Someone else updates repository

Commands for Your Local Changes

`svn status`

Print the status of working copy files and directories

`svn diff`

This displays the differences between two revisions or paths

`svn revert`

Undo all local edits

Command for Syncing with Repository

svn update

Update your working copy

svn resolve

Resolve conflicts on working copy files or directories

Unit Testing

Testing

Johnson's Law

If it is not tested it does not work

The more time between coding and testing

More effort is needed to write tests

More effort is needed to find bugs

Fewer bugs are found

Time is wasted working with buggy code

Development time increases

Quality decreases

Unit Testing

Tests individual code segments

Automated tests

What wrong with:

Using print statements

Writing driver program in main

Writing small sample programs to run code

Running program and testing it be using it

We have a QA Team, so why should I write tests?

When to Write Tests

First write the tests

Then write the code to be tested

Writing tests first saves time

- Makes you clear of the interface & functionality of the code

- Removes temptation to skip tests

What to Test

Everything that could possibly break

Test values

- Inside valid range

- Outside valid range

- On the boundary between valid/invalid

GUIs are very hard to test

- Keep GUI layer very thin

- Unit test program behind the GUI, not the GUI

Common Things Programs Handle Incorrectly

Adapted with permission from “A Short Catalog of Test Ideas” by Brian Marick,
<http://www.testing.com/writings.html>

Strings

Empty String

Collections

Empty Collection

Collection with one element

Collection with duplicate elements

Collections with maximum possible size

Numbers

Zero

The smallest number

Just below the smallest number

The largest number

Just above the largest number

XUnit

Free frameworks for Unit testing

SUnit originally written by Kent Beck 1994

JUnit written by Kent Beck & Erich Gamma

Available at: <http://www.junit.org/>

Ports to many languages at:

<http://www.xprogramming.com/software.htm>

Sample JUnit 4.x Example

```
import static org.junit.Assert.*;
import java.util.ArrayList;
import org.junit.Before;
import org.junit.Test;

public class HelloWorldTest {
    int testValue;
    @Test
    public void testMe() {
        assertEquals(1, testValue);
    }

    @Test
    public void foo() {
        assertTrue(2 == testValue);
    }
}
```

```
@Test(expected=IndexOutOfBoundsException.class)
public void testIndexOutOfBoundsException() {
    ArrayList emptyList = new ArrayList();
    Object notValid = emptyList.get(0);
}

@Before
public void initialize(){
    testValue = 1;
}
}
```

JUnit Example - JUnit 3.x

Goal: Implement a Stack containing integers.

Tests:

Subclass junit.framework.TestCase

Methods starting with 'test' are run by TestRunner

```
import junit.framework.*;
public class TestStack extends TestCase {

    public void testDefaultConstructor() {
        Stack test = new Stack();
        assertTrue("Default constructor", test.isEmpty() );
    }

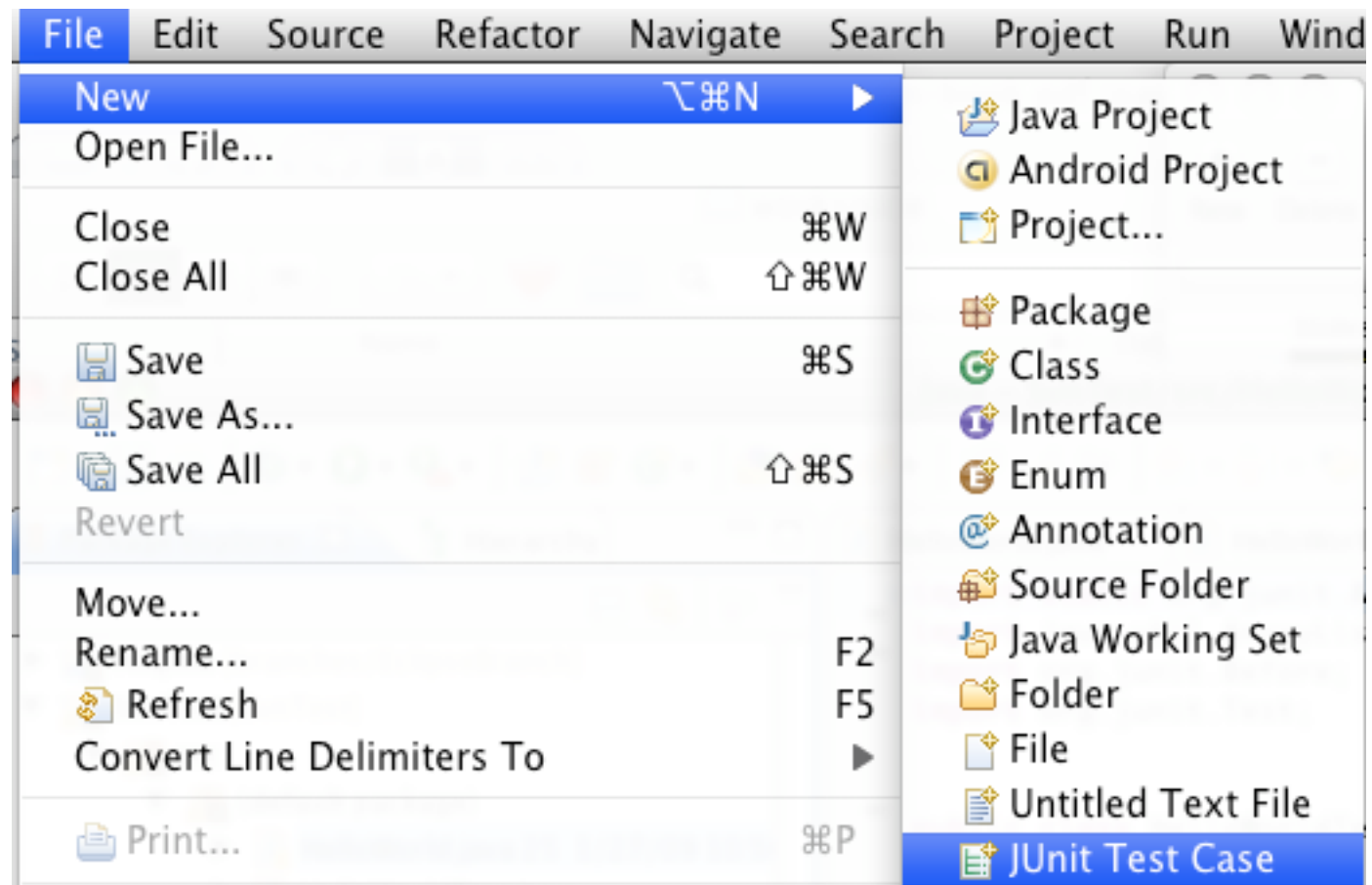
    public void testSizeConstructor() {
        Stack test = new Stack(5);
        assertTrue( test.isEmpty() );
    }
}
```

Start of Stack Class

```
public class Stack {  
    int[] elements;  
    int topElement = -1;  
  
    public Stack() {  
        this(10);  
    }  
  
    public Stack(int size) {  
        elements = new int[size];  
    }  
  
    public boolean isEmpty() {  
        return topElement == -1;  
    }  
}
```

Running JUnit Using Eclipse

Creating Test Case



Running JUnit Using Eclipse

JUnit Test Case
Select the name of the new JUnit test case. You have the options to specify the class under test and on the next page, to select methods to be tested.

New JUnit 3 test New JUnit 4 test

Source folder: StackExample/src

Package: cs580

Name: StackTest

Superclass: java.lang.Object

Which method stubs would you like to create?

setUpBeforeClass() tearDownAfterClass()
 setUp() tearDown()
 constructor

Do you want to add comments? (Configure templates and default value [here](#))
 Generate comments

Class under test: cs580.Stack

Fill in dialog window & create the test cases

Select Junit test case from the "Run as..." menu

Assert Methods

assertTrue()
assertFalse()
assertEquals()
assertNotEquals()
assertSame()
assertNotSame()
assertNull()
assertNotNull()
fail()

For a complete list see

[http://www.junit.org/junit/javadoc/3.8/index.html/
allclasses-frame.html/junit/junit/framework/
Assert.html/Assert.html](http://www.junit.org/junit/javadoc/3.8/index.html/allclasses-frame.html/junit/junit/framework/Assert.html/Assert.html)

Testing the Tests

If can be useful to modify the code to break the tests

```
package example;
```

```
public class Stack {  
    int[] elements;  
    int topElement = -1;
```

etc.

```
    public boolean isEmpty() {  
        return topElement == 1;  
    }  
}
```

Test Fixtures - JUnit 3.x

Before each test setUp() is run

After each test tearDown() is run

```
package example;
```

```
import junit.framework.TestCase;
```

```
public class StackTest extends TestCase {
```

```
    Stack test;
```

```
    public void setUp() {
```

```
        test = new Stack(5);
```

```
        for (int k = 1; k <=5;k++)
```

```
            test.push( k);
```

```
    }
```

```
    public void testPushPop() {
```

```
        for (int k = 5; k >= 1; k--)
```

```
            assertEquals( "Pop fail on element " + k, test.pop() , k);
```

```
    }
```

```
}
```

Testing Exceptions - JUnit 3.x

```
public void testIndexOutOfBoundsException() {  
  
    ArrayList list = new ArrayList(10);  
    try {  
        Object o = list.get(11);  
        fail("Should raise an IndexOutOfBoundsException");  
    } catch (IndexOutOfBoundsException success) {}  
}
```

Example is from the JUnit FAQ